

TEAM Teacher Evaluator Training Module 1





ACADEMICS

ALL TENNESSEE STUDENTS WILL HAVE ACCESS TO A HIGH-QUALITY EDUCATION, NO MATTER WHERE THEY LIVE

WHOLE CHILD

EDUCATORS

TENNESSEE PUBLIC SCHOOLS WILL BE EQUIPPED TO SERVE THE ACADEMIC AND NON-ACADEMIC NEEDS OF ALL STUDENTS

TENNESSEE WILL SET A NEW PATH FOR THE EDUCATION PROFESSION AND BE THE TOP STATE TO BECOME AND REMAIN A TEACHER AND LEADER

Learning Outcomes: Module 1 TEAM Teacher Evaluator Training

Participants will:

- Prepare to implement an accurate, fair, credible, rigorous, and transparent evaluation system by:
 - demonstrating knowledge of the TEAM evaluation process, and
 - utilizing resources to stay abreast of the policies that will contribute to teacher understanding of the evaluation process.
- Utilize TEAM resources to enhance evaluation and observation practices to improve outcomes for teachers and students.

EDUCATORS



Why Evaluate Instruction

"An investment in knowledge always pays the best interest."

-Benjamin Franklin

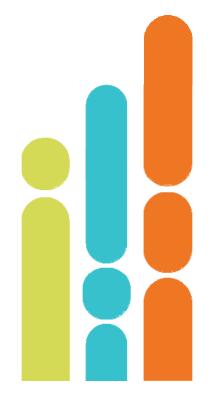
Improved teaching and learning **High-quality** actionable feedback **Improved leader** performance **Better outcomes**

for students



Norms

- Be open to learning.
- Approach this work through the lens of leadership.
- Be present and engaged.
 - Limit distractions.
 - Pause and return if necessary.
- Thoughtfully interact with the tasks.
- Consider how to integrate new learning with current practices.









Module 1

- TEAM Introduction
- Evaluation
 Composites and
 Level of Overall
 Effectiveness (LOE)
- TEAM Resources
- Observation Logistics





TEAM: Tennessee Educator Acceleration Model



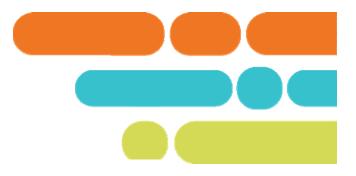


What is TEAM?



- TEAM is the state's teacher and administrator evaluation system, authorized by <u>Tenn. Code</u> <u>Ann. § 49-1-302</u> and described in Tennessee State Board <u>Policy 5.201</u>.
- The policy can be found on the Team website: <u>https://team-tn.org/</u>





Policy Overview

TENNESSEE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

TEACHER AND ADMINISTRATOR EVALUATION POLICY

5.201

Local boards of education and charter schools shall adopt and implement an approved evaluation model for teachers and school administrators.

Policy Sections:

- 1. General Requirements
- 2. State Evaluation Model (TEAM)
- 3. Alternate Observation Models
- 4. Local-Level Grievance Procedure



Policy 5.201 General Requirements

- 1(a) "The primary purpose of annual teacher and administrator evaluation is to identify and support instruction through feedback and transparency that will lead to high levels of student achievement."
- Other general requirements include:
 - five performance levels,
 - identification of significant discrepancies between teacher performance and student outcomes resulting in misalignment, and
 - authorization of evaluations to be used in human capital decisions.



Policy 5.201: TEAM Evaluation Model

Key components of the TEAM section include:

- data based weighting of each section of the evaluation,
- observation pacing guidelines,
- use of student surveys in final evaluation scores, and
- requirement of annual observer certification.



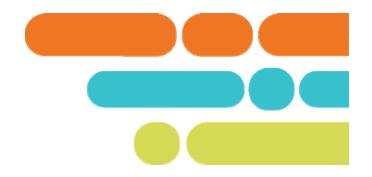


Policy 5.201: Alternate Observation Models (

- This section identifies the current approved alternate to TEAM observation models.
- Guidance is also given on applying to pilot a new alternate observation model, along with dates and requirements for the pilot.



Policy 5.201: Grievance Procedures



- Local-level grievance procedures are outlined, including specifically what can and cannot be grieved as well as time parameters around filing grievances.
- All LEAs are required to have a local grievance policy approved by the board of education and available to all employees.



Policy 5.201: Appendices

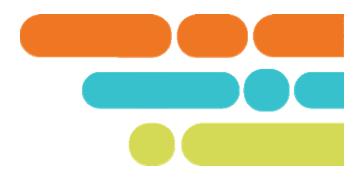
- Appendix A: Student Surveys
- Appendix B: Charter School Approved Alternate Observation Models
- Appendix C: Approved Achievement Measures
- Appendix D: Student Growth Portfolio Models
- Appendix E: Pre-K / Kindergarten Alternative Growth Measures







Why should evaluators have a working knowledge of State Board Policy 5.201?









- The primary purpose of annual teacher and school administrator evaluation is to identify and support instruction that will lead to high levels of student achievement.
- Evaluations may be a factor in employment decisions, including, but not necessarily limited to, promotion and retention.





TEAM teacher evaluation data:

- reflects Tier I instruction,
- informs professional learning plans,
- signals strengths and areas of needed improvement, and
- generates professional development points (PDPs) for license renewal, and
- in some cases, generates data for performance-based compensation.





- Educator preparation programs (EPPs) receive aggregate TEAM evaluation scores for their graduates.
- This data is used to make programmatic decisions.





Expectations for School Administrators

3	5	Indicator
Encourages educators to use t evaluation process for profess learning and growth Adheres to all evaluation proc which include: • timelines for feedback • follow-up support • finalizing all required • observations • conducting summative conferences Ensures the classroom observ process includes: • gathering evidence balar • educator and student ac related to teaching and learning • grounding all evidence co and scoring to the rubric accuracy to ensure fidelii the process • using a preponderance o evidence to evaluate tea • using the rubric to struct feedback to educators • offering specific, actional feedback recommendati connected to improving student achievement • facilitating educator implementation of recommended improver strategies Uses evaluation data to detern trends and assess educator	 view the evaluation process as an opportunity for professional learning and growth Holds self and others account one for customizing supports for educators Creates a school-wide plan for professional learning aligned to the school's vision for professional learning and growth Accurately modifies school or grade-level professional learning goals and plans 	C1. Evaluation Implements and monitors a rigorous evaluation system using an approved Tennessee evaluation model and uses educator evaluation data to inform, assess, and adjust professional learning goals and plans



Checkpoint

Describe how each of the following are supported by evaluation data:

- 1. Administrator evaluations
- 2. Educator preparation programs
- 3. Educator career trajectories





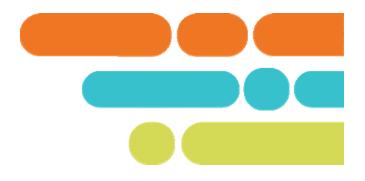
Implementing TEAM





How should TEAM be implemented?

- Accurately: implemented with fidelity
- **Fairly**: free of bias or distortion
- Credibly: produced by sources that are knowledgeable and reliable with similar results expected in similar situations
- Rigorously: based on clear standards of instructional excellence (as evidenced in the TEAM rubric) that prioritize student learning
- Transparently: expectations and outcomes are clear
 Department of Education



TEAM: Theory of Action

If TEAM is implemented:

- accurately,
- fairly,
- credibly,
- rigorously, and
- transparently

then educators will believe in and utilize it to improve educational outcomes for all.



Evaluation Requirements

- District must ensure that:
 - all full-time, certified educators are evaluated, and
 - evaluations result in a level of overall effectiveness (LOE).
- Educators include:
 - teachers with individual TVAAS scores,
 - teachers implementing student growth portfolios or alternative,
 - teachers, librarians, counselors, and other certified school services personnel who receive a schoolwide growth score, and
 - administrators.



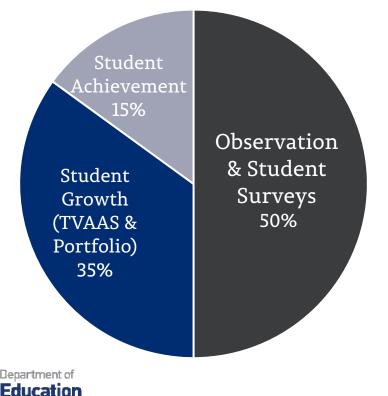
Creating Level of Overall Effectiveness Scores



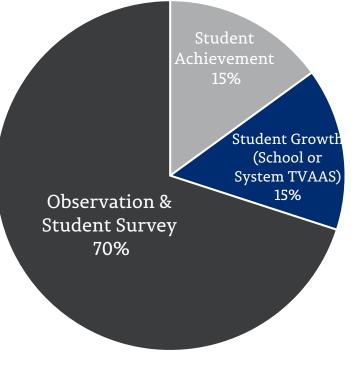


Evaluation Composite Weightings

Educators with individual TVAAS or that implement a portfolio:



Educators who do not receive individual TVAAS or implement a portfolio:



Student Growth Portfolios

Portfolio Models

Pre-K

Kindergarten

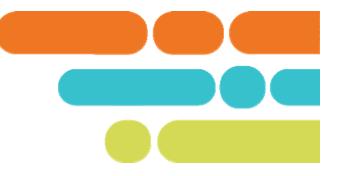
First grade

Second grade

Fine arts

World languages

Physical education





Level of Overall Effectiveness (LOE)



A LOE generates only when all evaluation components have been entered into TNCompass. These include:

- All required observations
- Student growth scores
- Student achievement scores

Note: Some districts opt to use student surveys as an evaluation component.



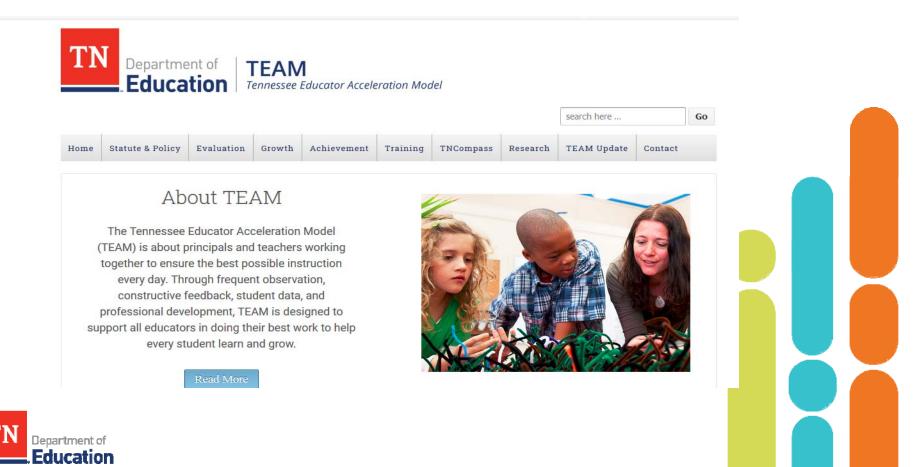
Implementation Resources





TEAM Website

The TEAM website, <u>www.team-tn.org</u>, is a valuable resource that can help you implement TEAM in your school.



TEAM Website: Statute and Policy

- Evaluation Flexibility Options
- Educator Evaluation: Charters
- Partial Year Exemptions (PYE)
- Guidance on Grievances
- Pre-K Quality Act
- Alternate Observation Models





TEAM Website: Evaluation

- Teacher Evaluation
- Administrator Evaluation
- Instructional Supervisor Evaluation





TEAM Website: Growth

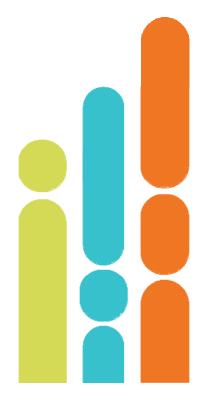
- TVAAS (claiming)
- Portfolio Resources
 - Peer Review
 - Fine Arts
 - First Grade
 - Physical Education
 - Pre-K/Kindergarten
 - Second Grade
 - World Languages





TEAM Website: Achievement

- Achievement measure selection
- Using "Off the Shelf" assessments as an achievement measure
- Choosing achievement measures for teachers at multiple schools
- Using CTE industry certifications as an achievement measure
- Achievement measure mediation





TEAM Website: Training

- TEAM Training Schedule
- Training Materials

TN Compass

- TN Compass Resources
- TN Compass Updates
- TN Compass Support





TEAM Website: Research

- Research on teacher evaluation
- Background of TEAM evaluation / implementation in Tennessee
- Tennessee Educator Survey
- Additional projects and research

TEAM Update

- TEAM Update (archived copies)
- Application for Human Capital Update





Checkpoint

- Go to TEAM-tn.org.
- On the home tab click the blue box that says Read More.
- Find three resources that could be used to support your role as an evaluator and briefly explain these resources.





Scheduling Observation and Coaching Conversations



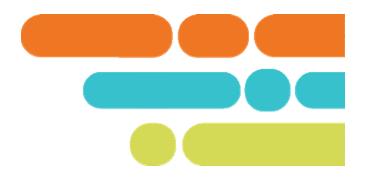


Observation Pacing

- Evaluators hold pre-conferences, conduct observations, and conduct postconferences as necessary to fulfill policy requirements.
- The number and type of required observations is outlined in the TEAM pacing policy.
- Pacing is based on both the educator's license type and evaluation data from the previous year.
- Observation pacing is impacted by the district's choice to use individual growth scores vs. level of overall effectiveness as the basis for pacing.



Observation Pacing



Evaluators are encouraged to:

- schedule observations at the beginning of the year to avoid conflicts, and
- rate the planning, environment, and instruction domains in conjunction with one another when possible.

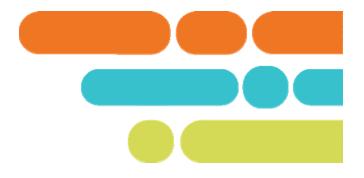


Pacing Guidelines

Educator Licensure Status ¹	Previous Individual Growth or Level of Overall Effectiveness (LOE) ²	Minimum Required Observations	Minimum Required Observations per Domain	Minimum Number of Minutes per School Year
Practitioner ³	Levels 1-4	Six (6) domains observed with a minimum of three (3) domains observed in each semester.	3 instruction 2 planning 2 environment	90 minutes
	Level 5	One (1) formal observation covering all domains first semester; two (2) walk-throughs second semester	1 instruction 1 planning 1 environment	60 minutes
Professional	Level 1	Six (6) domains observed with a minimum of three (3) domains observed in each semester.	3 instruction 2 planning 2 environment	90 minutes
	Level 2-4	Four (4) domains observed with a minimum of two (2) domains observed in each semester	2 instruction 1 planning 1 environment	60 minutes
	Level 5	One (1) formal observation covering all domains first semester; two (2) walk-throughs second semester.	1 instruction 1 planning 1 environment	60 minutes

Implementing TEAM: Observation Pacing

- At least one-half of all observations for every teacher must be unannounced and at least one observation must be announced.
- For teachers that score a 5 in the previous year, the one required observation will be unannounced and conducted in the first semester.





Considerations for Scheduling Observations

- School schedule
- Planned breaks
- Classroom activities
- Meeting observation timelines
- Intervals between required observations
- Non-PYE leaves of absence





Initial Coaching Conversations

- Prior to conducting any observations, evaluators should schedule initial coaching conversations with all educators receiving an LOE or individual TVAAS score of 1.
- All educators benefit from initial coaching conversations, but they are not required for those educators with an LOE of 2 or higher.



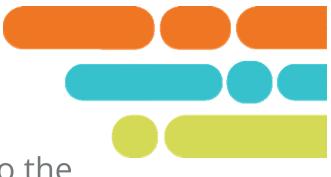


Initial Coaching Conversations

- Coaching conversations should be a collaborative conversation between the educator and evaluator.
 - Review evaluation data from the previous school year.
 - Emphasize the need for teacher growth and improvement.
 - Develop specific strategies for growth based on the educators growth areas.
 - Identify timelines for regular check-ins.
- This is also a time to close any evaluations that have not yet closed due to measures that arrive after the end of the school year.

TN Department of





Why is an observation schedule key to the evaluation process?



Assessment Task: Module 1





Assessment

- You have been asked to support a first year teacher who is unfamiliar with the TEAM evaluation process.
- Using the TEAM website (<u>www.team-tn.org</u>) identify three documents you will share during your initial coaching conversation to increase the teacher's understanding of the evaluation process.
- Next, articulate how you expect to use observations to support this educator.





Congratulations!

- You have completed module 1 of TEAM teacher evaluator training. When ready, you may proceed to module 2.
- Questions related to module 1 will be included in the final assessment for evaluator certification.



